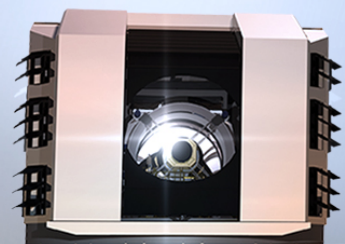


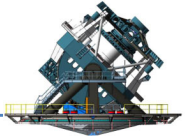


RFC-441 Status

May 22, 2018



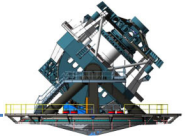
DMLT UW May 22-24, 2018



Request to adopt HiPS and MOC as standard DM data products



- RFC-441 has been adopted
- Two implementation tickets created for consequential document updates
 - DM-13967 Propose LCR adding HiPS and MOC to DPDD & DMSR as standard LSST DPs
 - DM-13978 Update LDM-151 to describe production of HiPS and MOC data products
- SUIT accomplishment so far
 - Access the HiPS registry services to get a list of HiPS images
 - Allow application to configure its ‘featured’ HiPS images list
 - Display HiPS up to level 25, along with FOV and HiPS pixel size readout
 - Display HiPS cubes and the proper 3rd axis value
 - Transition between HiPS images and regular FITS images when zoom in/out
 - HiPS grid drawing, DS9 region overlay on HiPS



From LSE-61 (DMSR)



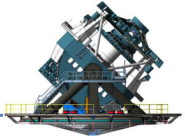
This requirement can now be edited to make the choice of HiPS clear

1.4.19 All-Sky Visualization of Data Releases

ID: DMS-REQ-0329 (Priority: 2)

Specification: Data Release Processing shall generate co-adds suitable for use in all-sky visualization tools, allowing panning and zooming of the entire data release.

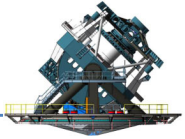
Discussion: For example, this could mean HEALPix tiles suitable for use in a HiPS server. The exact technology choice has to be confirmed before understanding which format is required.



Recent Discussions



- See <https://confluence.lsstcorp.org/display/DM/HiPS+discussion+at+Spring+2018+JTM>
- Fairly extensive discussion of detailed questions and options
- Some salient ones are featured in the following slides



Refinement decisions needed



- HiPS creation
 - One for each band and for one reference colorization?
 - What maximum HiPS order (minimum pixel size) will be used for the precomputed maps? (Affects the storage requirements.)
 - High-order (fine-grained) tiles could be computed on the fly by an enhancement to the cutout service.
 - The Firefly HiPS implementation has the ability to “zoom in” from the highest resolution layer of a HiPS image to associated source images (e.g., our coadd patches).
 - Will we create statistical summary data (e.g., depth maps) in HiPS format?
 - Will we use hipsgen or write our own code?



Refinement decisions 2



- HiPS service
 - This becomes a new DAX service
 - Requires some basic registration steps to be performed in addition to providing the service itself
 - Relatively trivial if it is just serving static files via HTTPS
 - Must enforce data access rights
 - Will we expose HiPS data above a certain pixel scale to the world?
 - Less trivial if we dynamically serve the higher-order tiles



Refinement decisions 3



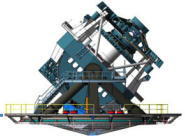
- MOC
 - Creation of MOCs is intrinsic to building HiPS images with hipsgen
 - We should ensure that our tools also do this
- Special programs issues
 - Creation of HiPS maps for deep drilling data, MOCs for special-programs regions of the sky
- HiPS catalog support
 - HiPS catalog service enhances the usefulness of community tools
 - A stripped-down Object catalog including Object IDs could provide a useful gateway for other tools to seed detailed queries into LSST data
 - Firefly can already overlay ordinary catalog queries on HiPS images



Refinement decisions 4



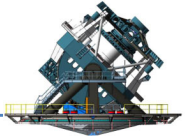
- HEALPix in the data products
 - Will we compute and store HEALPix coordinates for our catalog entries? Will we index on them?
 - Indexing on them should facilitate intersection of our data with MOCs from other surveys
 - Will Qserv be able to use a MOC to spatially constrain a search?



Further possibilities



- Use of HiPS to support visualizing focal-plane images
 - This is a reasonable solution both as a stopgap and as a final format for visualizing FP images on-sky
 - We are experimenting with this now – relies on the Firefly zoom-in-to-source-image behavior already implemented
 - Would we persist focal-plane HiPS images for every visit?
 - As an engineering tool, it may be preferable to zoom through a hierarchy on a nominal square grid of pixels representing the full focal plane. (Much of the Firefly HiPS implementation would be usable.)
- Time-dependent coverage possibilities
 - Generate a MOC and a HiPS catalog of alerts for each night



Plans



- Under DM-13967, we will file an LCR in June to put the basics into the DPDD and LSE-61
 - This will include a cost estimate for the disk space impact of the statically generated HiPS (and MOC) data. We will use the LCR process for the decision-making on the HiPS order to support.
- The consequential RFC on LDM-151 (see DM-13978) can then be used to evaluate some of the finer-grained options